

# MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW

## CIRRO-CUMULI AND THUNDERSTORMS

JULY, 1925

By R. M. DOLE

[Weather Bureau, East Lansing, Mich.]

It has been observed repeatedly by the writer that the appearance of a certain type of Alto-Cumuli and Cirro-Cumuli (in the form of small balls) during the summer months is almost a sure sign of thunderstorms, and that clouds of this character often preceded the disturbances by a number of hours; also, the more vigorous and pronounced the type of cloud, the more violent the storms that follow. During 1924, between May and the middle of August, the sky was systematically watched and the types of clouds and the times of their appearance were carefully noted. The table below gives the results.

Month	Number of thunderstorms	A.-Cu. or Ci.-Cu. observed	Sky obscured or no Ci.-Cu. seen	Ci.-Cu. seen but no thunderstorm
May	5	4	1	0
June	12	10	2	1
July	13	9	4	3
August	4	3	1	1
Total	34	26	8	5

Thundershowers without the warning Ci.-Cu. being observed occurred on eight days, but were of a local nature, mild and merely overgrown Cumulus. In three of the eight cases overcast skies precluded any observations of the upper clouds. In two instances another kind of Cirro-Cumuli was observed. These were the flat form, very nearly covering the sky and were passing when high pressure areas of decided strength were dominating the weather. This flat type seems to denote stable conditions; the ball type unstable.

Actually 26 thunderstorms out of 34 were preceded by these clouds, or 76 per cent. The more violent thunderstorms with squalls and hail of a destructive nature were all preceded by small, detached patches of Cirro-Cumuli, the time of their appearance in advance of first thunder varying from one to twelve hours. It was also noted that Cirro-Cumuli in the morning were followed by afternoon thunderstorms, while the appearance of these clouds in the late afternoon or evening was followed by

thunderstorms occurring after midnight or the next morning.

### Observations of A.-Cu., Ci.-Cu. and Thunderstorms

Date	Time, speed, and direction of clouds	Time of thunderstorm and intensity
May		
3	At intervals on the 3d, rapid, from west	10:09 a. m.-12:45 p. m.
6	7 p. m. of the 5th, moderate, from west	5:25 p. m.
7	Noon of the 7th, moderate, from southwest	5:50 p. m.
13	7 p. m. of the 12th, slow, from north	10:55 a. m.-2:40 p. m.
15	Sunset, moderate, from the north; no thunderstorm	
17	Cloudy, upper clouds shut out	3:53 p. m.
June		
8	Cloudy, upper clouds not visible, during day (7th)	3:00 a. m.
9	6:45 p. m. of the 8th, rapidly, from southwest	6:35 a. m.
11	A. m. of the 11th, moderate, from northwest	4:41 p. m.
12	P. m. 11th, moderate, from northwest	7:50 p. m.
17	P. m. 16th, also afternoon 17th, slow, from the west	6:33 p. m.
19	A. m. of the 19th, moderate, from northwest	D. N. a. m.
20	7 a. m., moderate, from west; 2:30 p. m. vigorous patch, moderate, from southwest	3:10 p. m. Severe.
21	7 p. m. 20th, vigorous form, rapidly, from northwest	D. N. a. m.
22	A. m. 22d, rapidly, from the northwest	4:55 a. m. Moderate
24	P. m. 23d, moderate, from the west	4:55 a. m.
26	27th, at sunset, vigorous type, moderate, from northwest	7:38 a. m. Severe.
30	P. m. of the 29th, moderate, from the north	1:00 p. m.
July		
1	None observed	4:15 p. m.
2	None observed; Cu. grew to Cu.-Nb.	4:08 p. m.
7	Overcast to preclude view of upper clouds	6:11 a. m.
8	A. m. of the 8th, moderate, from the west	3:40 p. m.
9	Noon of the 9th, moderate, from the west	7:10 p. m.
12	None observed	11:35 a. m.
13	Like beach sand with A.-Cu.	No thunderstorm.
16	Evening of the 15th, moderate, from the northwest	7:12 p. m. Vigorous.
18	Like beach sand, very rapid from northwest, with A.-Cu.	No thunderstorm.
19	In army formation with sheets of A.-Cu., moderate, from northwest	D.
21	9 a. m., also evening, moderate, from southwest	12:48 p. m. Severe.
27	Sunset 26th, rapidly, from northwest; 2 p. m., rapidly, from west. (Vigorous patches in both cases.)	11:15 p. m. Severe.
28	7:15 p. m. of the 27th, moderate, from the west	3:35 p. m. Severe.
29	Evening of the 28th, moderate, from west; vigorous patch	8:15 p. m. Severe.
30	9 a. m. and 4 p. m., moderate, from the west	D. N. a. m.-1:00 a. m.
31	3 p. m. 30th, moderate, from west	3:12 a. m. Vigorous.
August		
2	A.-Cu. and Ci.-Cu. like beach sand passing rapidly all day from northwest	4:54 p. m. Vigorous.
4	5 p. m. of the 3d, moderate, from the west	10:55 p. m. Vigorous.
5	P. m. 4th, rapidly from the west	D. N. a. m. Vigorous.
6	Noon of the 6th, rapidly from the west	D. N. a. m. Moderate.
8	None observed	3:23 p. m.
		12:24 p. m.

### ARE PRESENT METHODS OF RAINFALL INSURANCE SOUND?

By CYRUS H. ESHLEMAN

[Weather Bureau Office, Ludington, Mich.]

Whether under the prevailing methods of rainfall insurance the assured are receiving as much protection as they think they are receiving and as much as the companies think they are furnishing, may be seriously questioned.

Insurance is written only against rainfall amounting to 0.10 inch or over. Even 0.01 inch is often sufficient to interfere with a program and keep crowds at home, and there are many unfavorable days when the total within a few specified hours does not reach 0.10.

About a year ago a home-coming celebration was held at Ludington, and the committee in charge took out insurance. The writer was asked to note carefully the time and amount of any rain that might occur. The committee was told that while they were being given some degree of protection, there was considerable possibility of dissatisfaction, for the reason already stated. An examination of rainfall records for the preceding

season showed that in at least two-thirds of the unfavorable cases no insurance would have been received. No effort was made to dissuade the parties from taking out insurance but they were told of the exact working of the specifications.

It happened that no rain fell that week, so the insured were perfectly satisfied.

This summer, a few weeks ago, an out-of-doors carnival was held, and the managers took out insurance. Again the writer was asked to observe the rainfall and the parties were informed as to how the insurance might work out, though they were told the insurance was highly advisable as it would afford a considerable degree of protection. In this case also absolutely no rain fell during the week.

But the carnival committee had said that loss for a similar carnival several years ago was suffered owing to unfavorable weather. So the records were examined for